

Cross-borehole electrical resistivity tomography for imaging ZVI amendment spreading at remediation sites

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Maria Hag, Nina Tuxen, Region Hovedstaden



**LUNDS
UNIVERSITET**

HydroGeophysics Group
AARHUS UNIVERSITY



Danmarks
Tekniske
Universitet

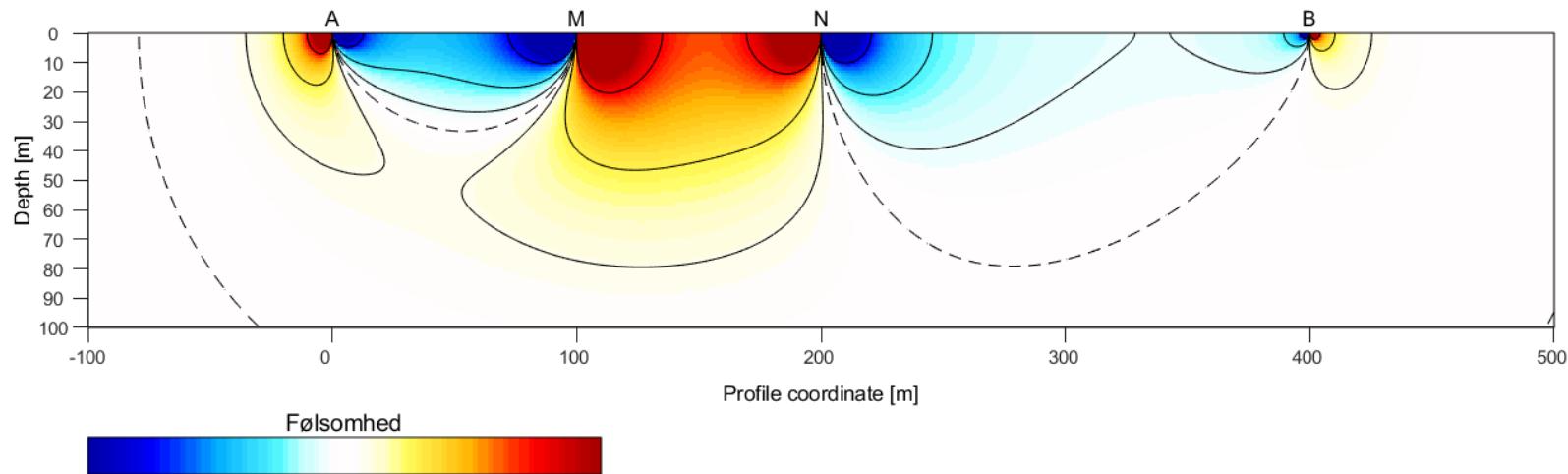


COWI



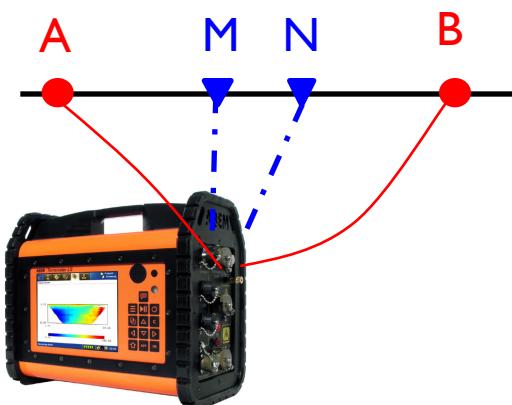
**Region
Hovedstaden**

Geophysics provides spatial continuity



Adapted from Christiansen et al., Lecture notes, 2020

- Current (A-B)
- ▼ Potential (M-N)



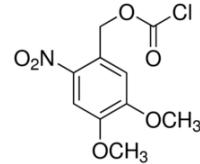
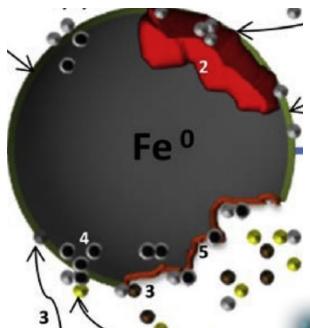
$$\Delta V_{MN} = R \cdot I_{AB}$$

Provect-ZVI injection triggers release of...

Bacteria

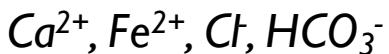


Solid iron

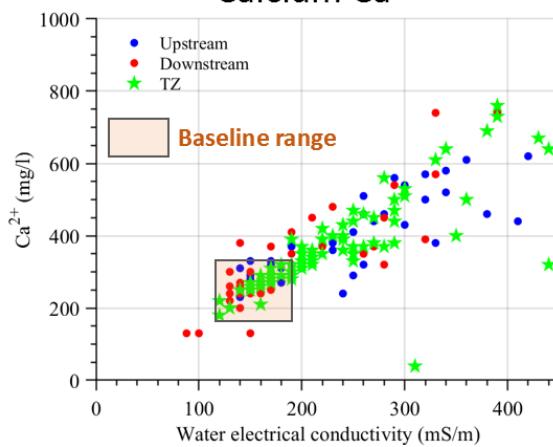


NVOC

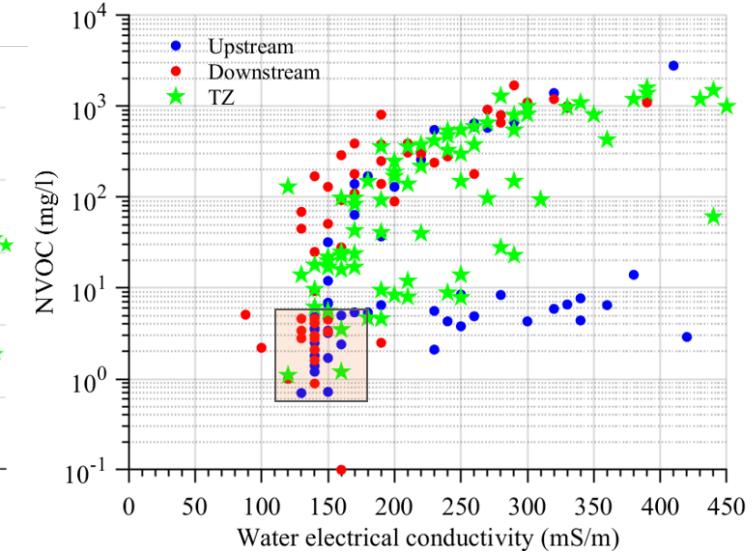
Ionic cloud



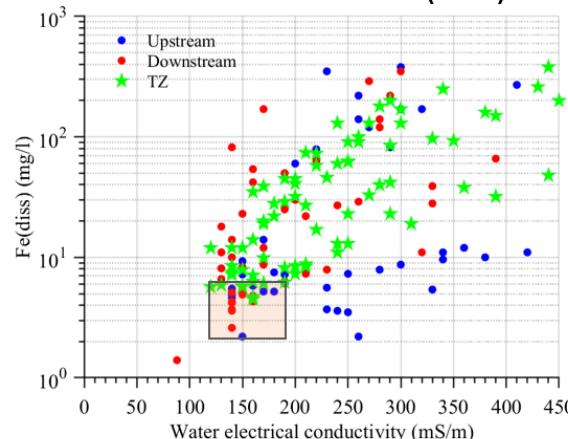
Calcium Ca^{2+}



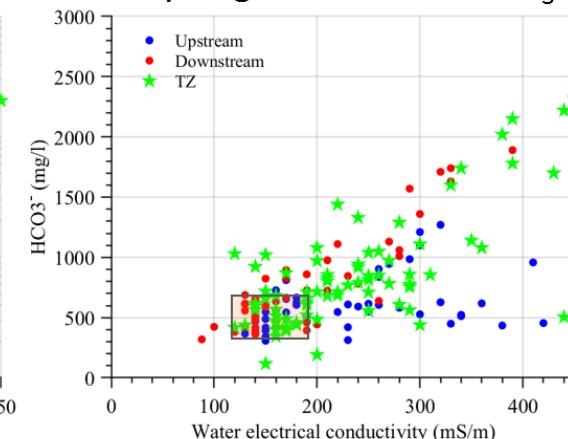
NVOC



Dissolved iron Fe(diss)



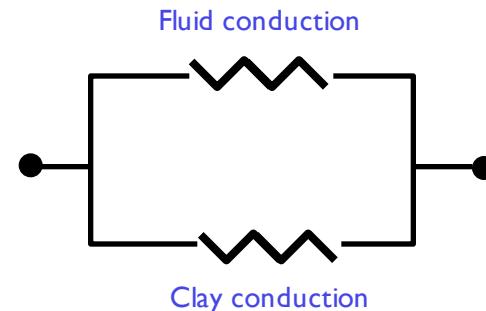
Hydrogen carbonate HCO_3^-



Ionic cloud vs resistivity

Theory

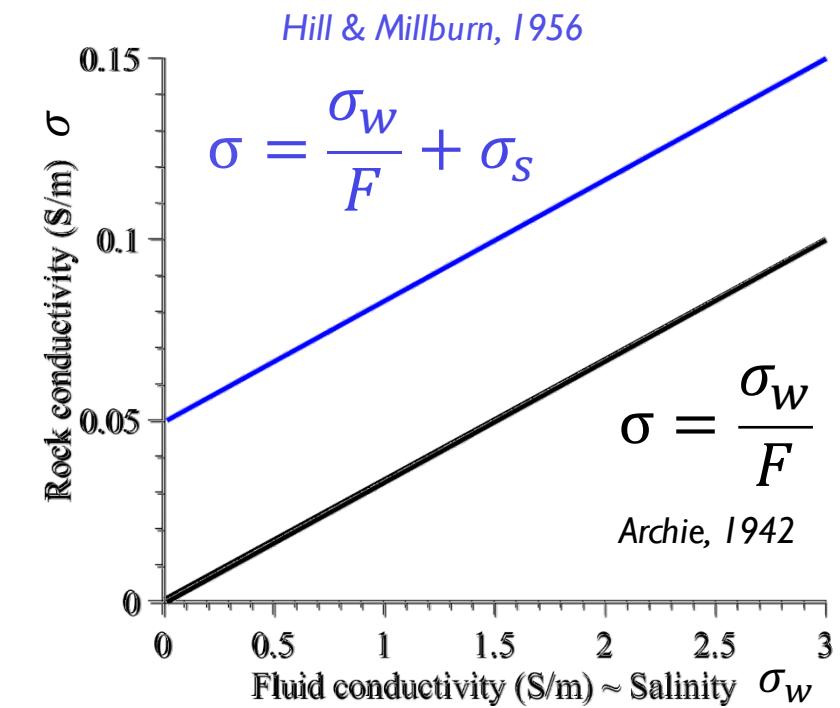
- Added complexity with clays
- But not an issue
 - With Farum's geology
 - When looking at time-variations



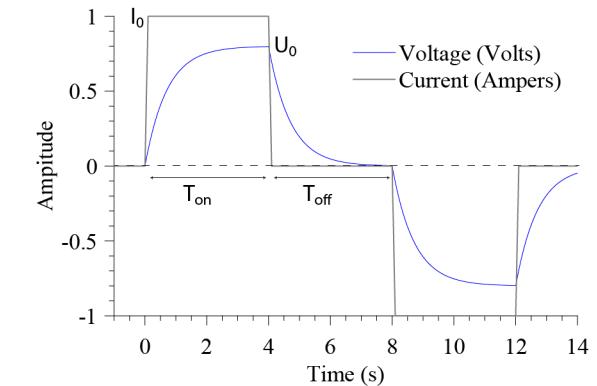
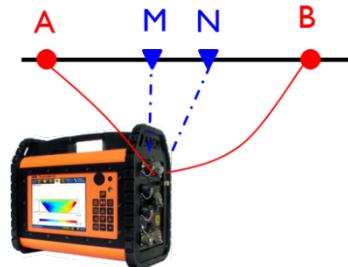
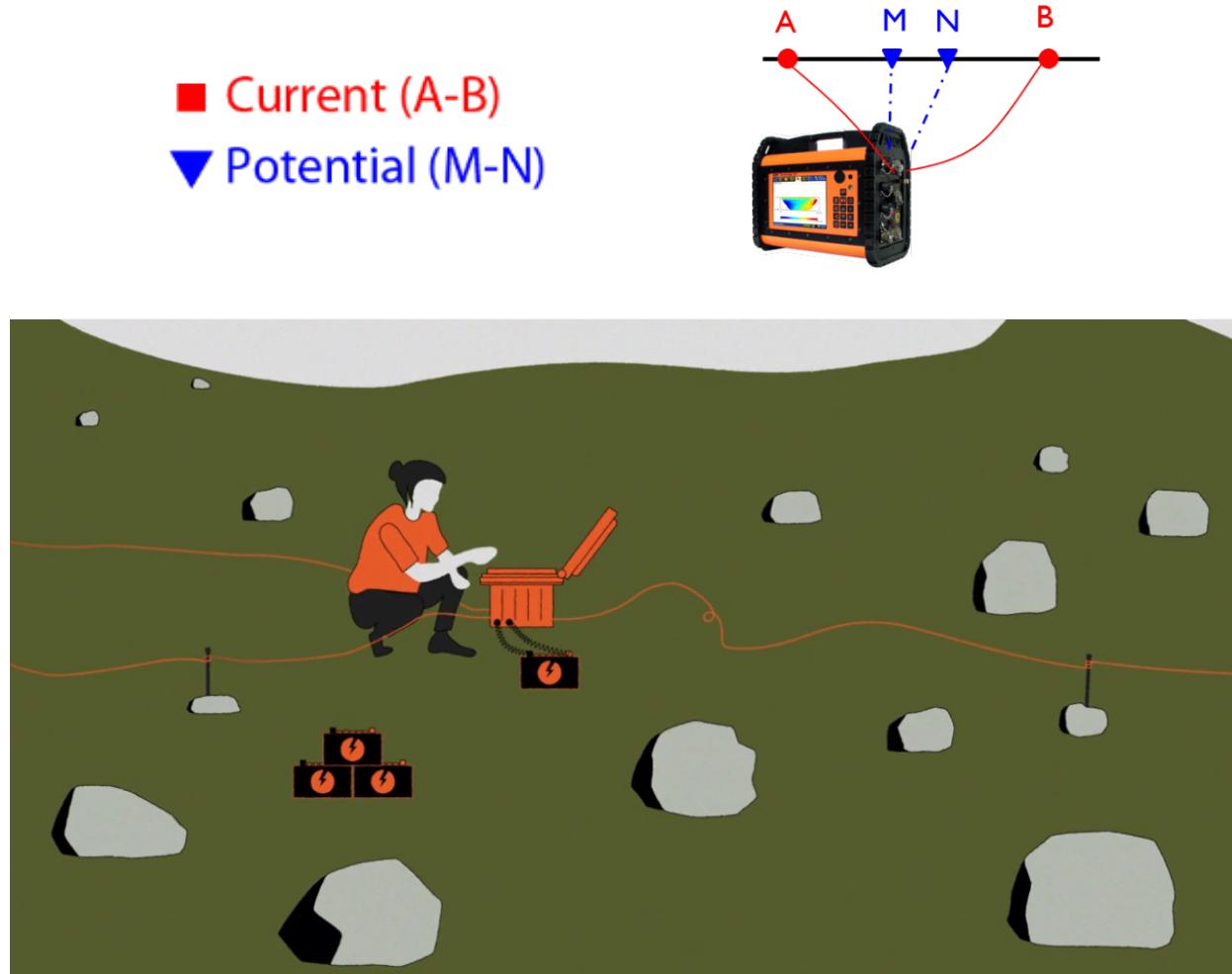
Electric charge carrier	Electrical parameter	Environmental parameter
Ions in pore water	ρ or σ	Equivalent ion concentration ionic cloud
Ions in/on clay minerals	ρ or σ	Cation Exchange Capacity clay minerals

$$\rho = \frac{1}{\sigma}$$

ρ = resistivity
 σ = conductivity

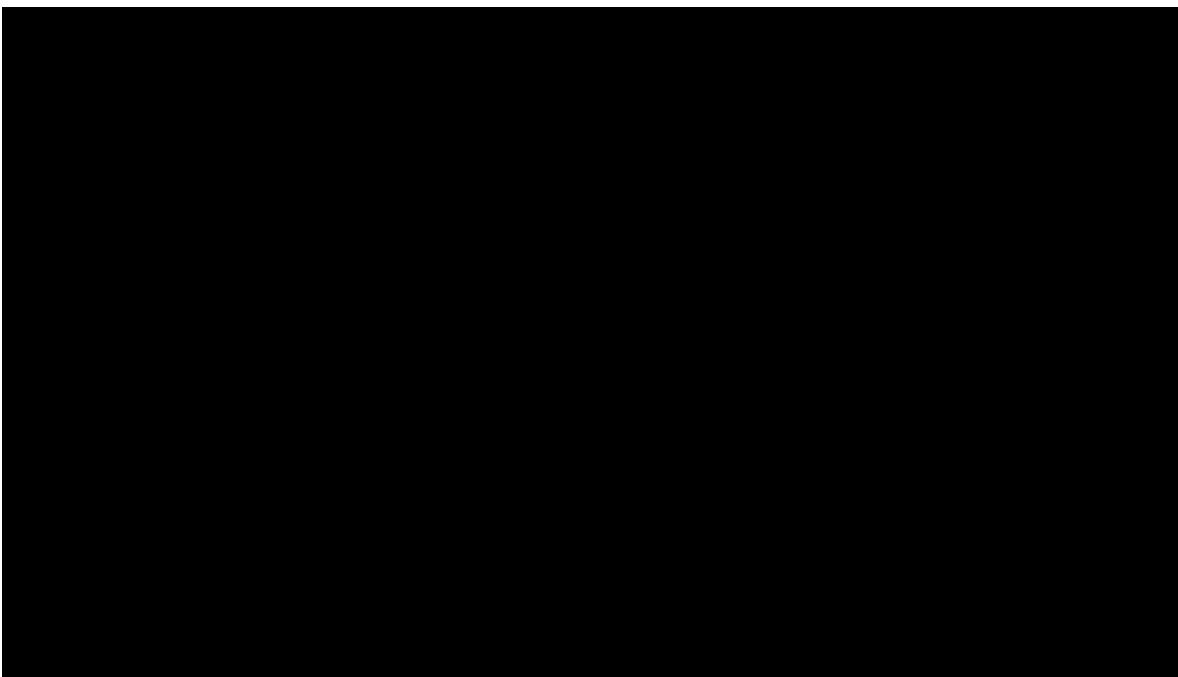
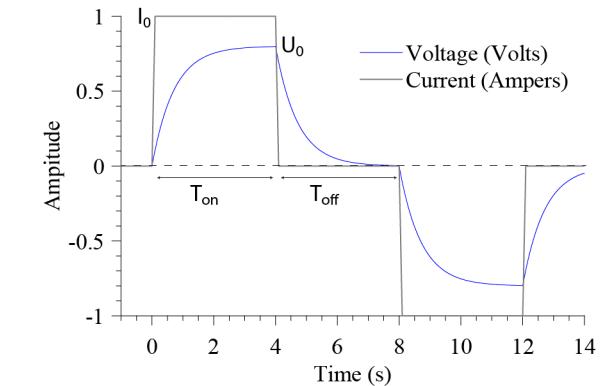
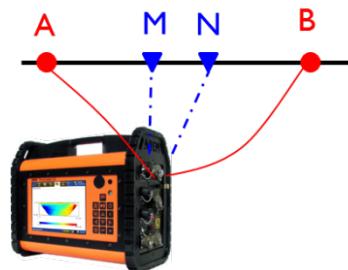


Electrical resistivity tomography (ERT)



Electrical resistivity tomography (ERT)

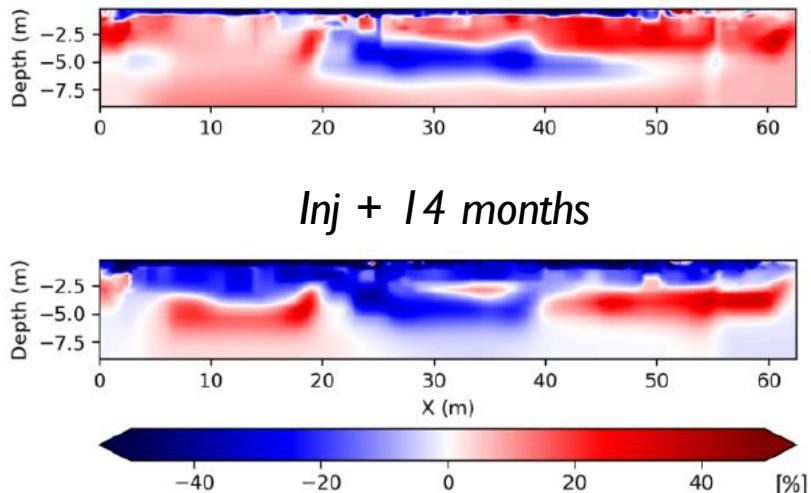
- Current (A-B)
- ▼ Potential (M-N)



Surface ERT

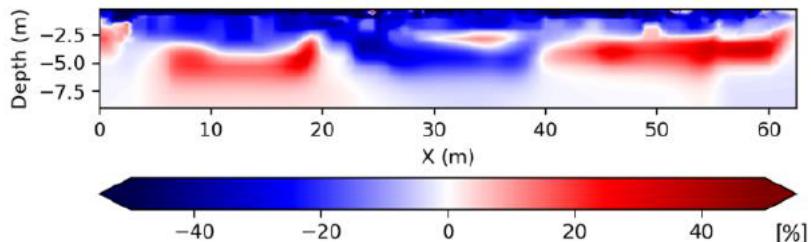


Inj + 11 months

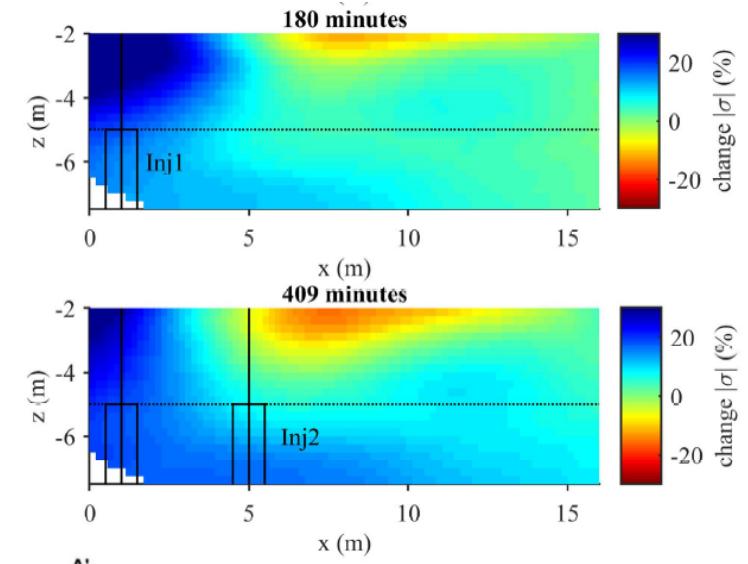
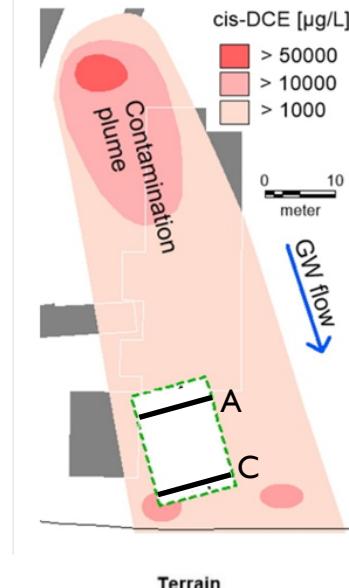
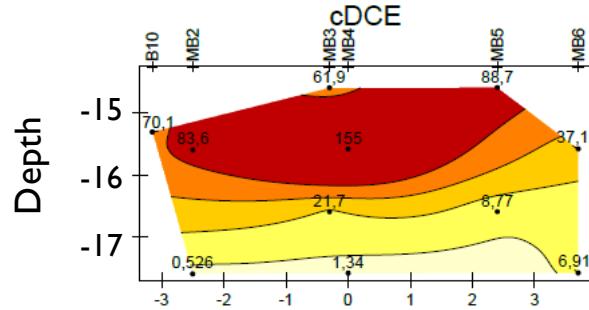


Nivorlis et al. 2019

Inj + 14 months

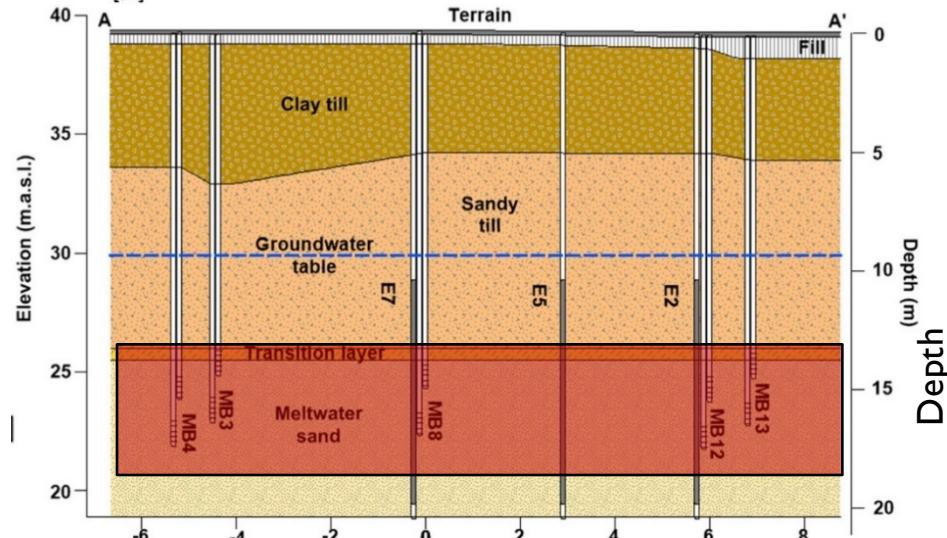


Transect A



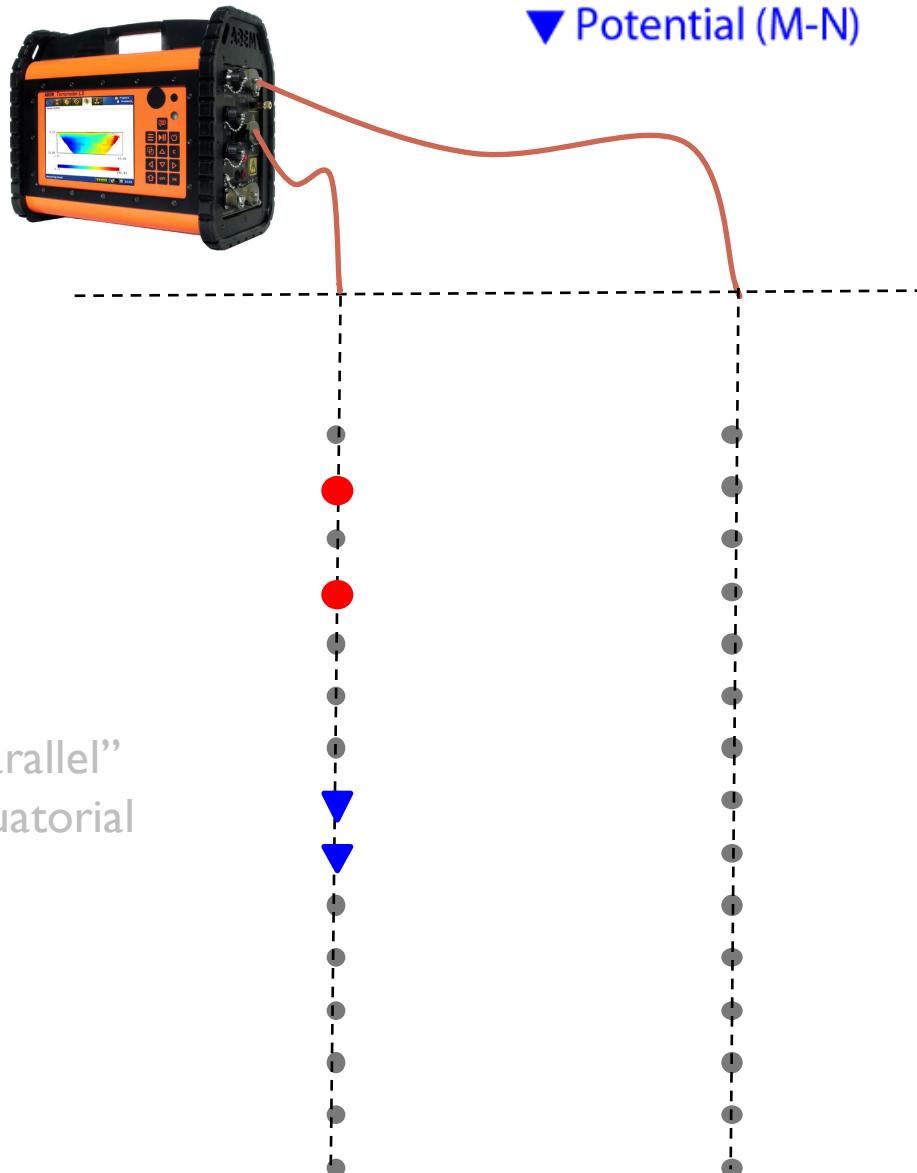
Flores-Orozco et al., 2019

Transect C



- Electrodes
- Current (A-B)
- ▼ Potential (M-N)

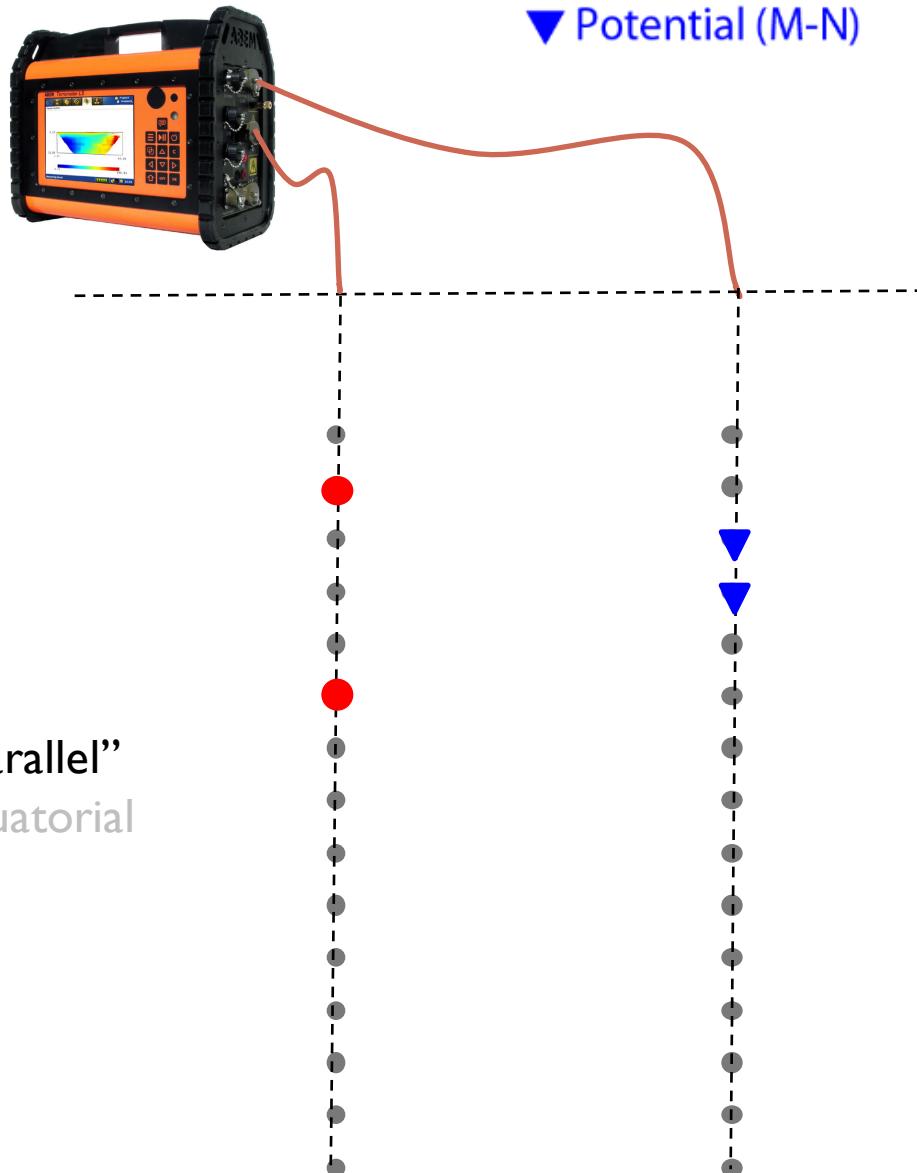
Cross-borehole ERT



1. Single Borehole
2. Cross-borehole "parallel"
3. Cross-borehole equatorial

- Electrodes
- Current (A-B)
- ▼ Potential (M-N)

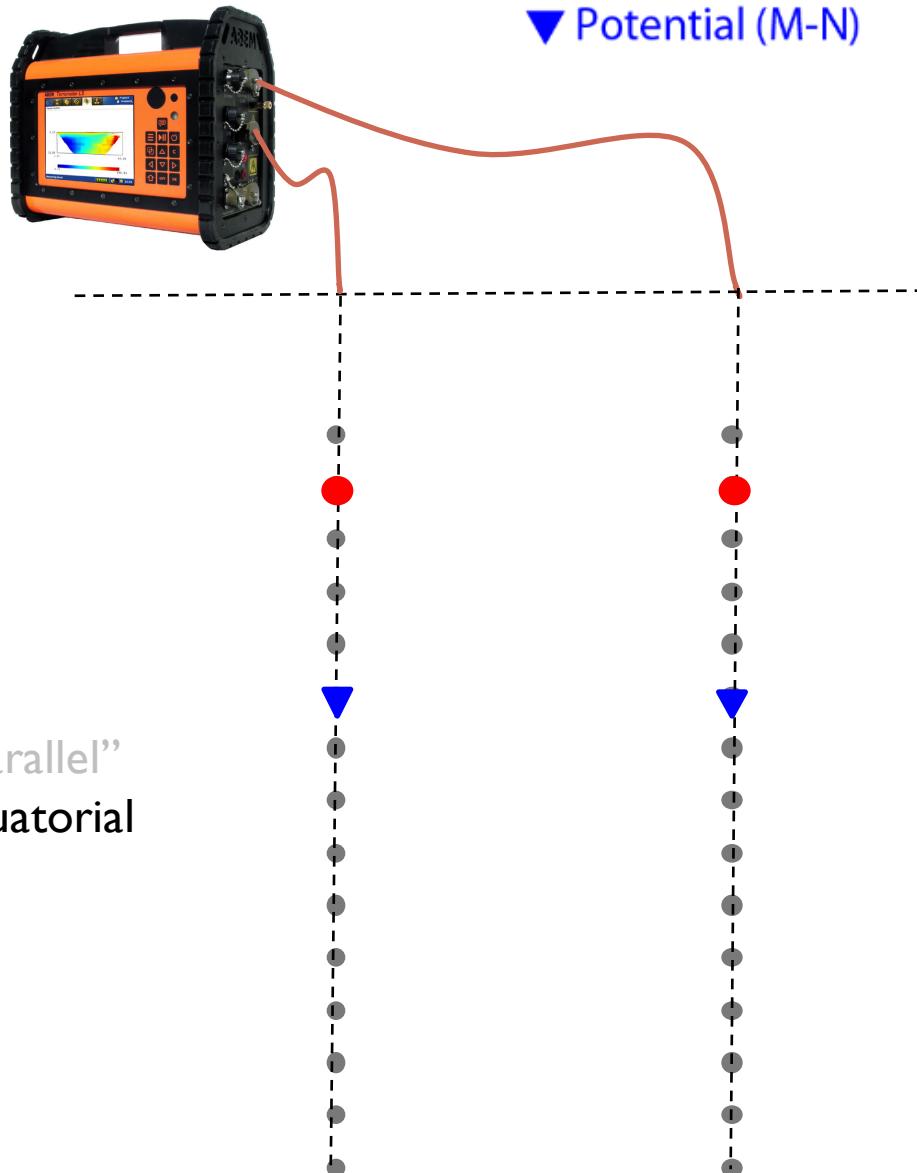
Cross-borehole ERT



1. Single Borehole
2. Cross-borehole "parallel"
3. Cross-borehole equatorial

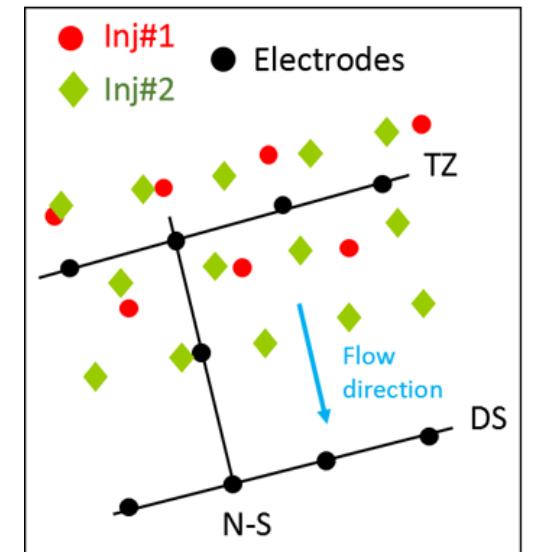
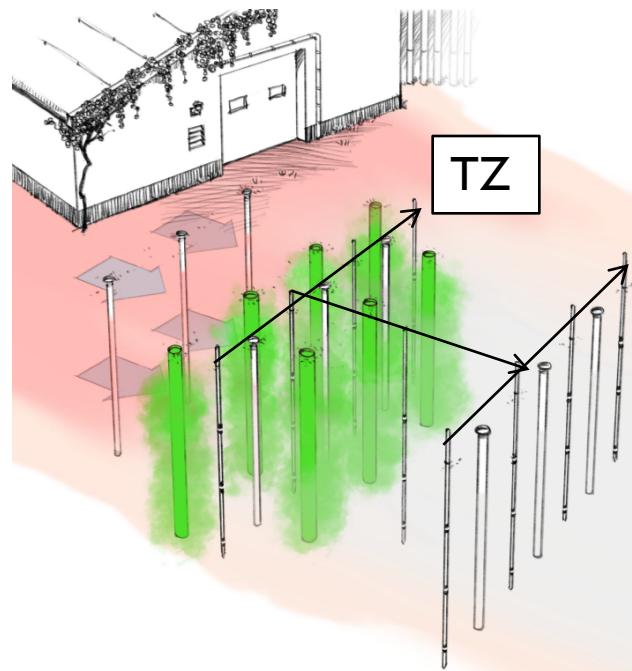
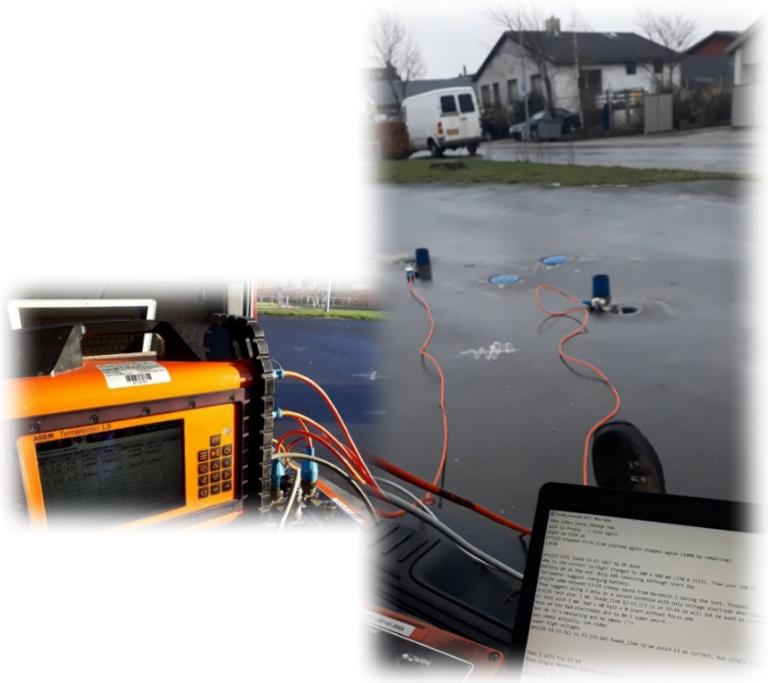
- Electrodes
- Current (A-B)
- ▼ Potential (M-N)

Cross-borehole ERT



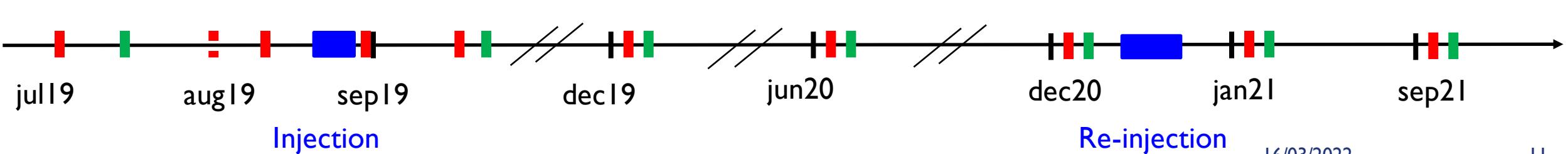
1. Single Borehole
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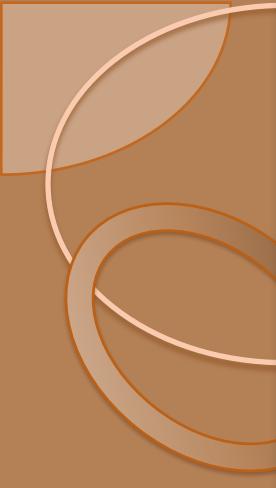
Data acquisition history



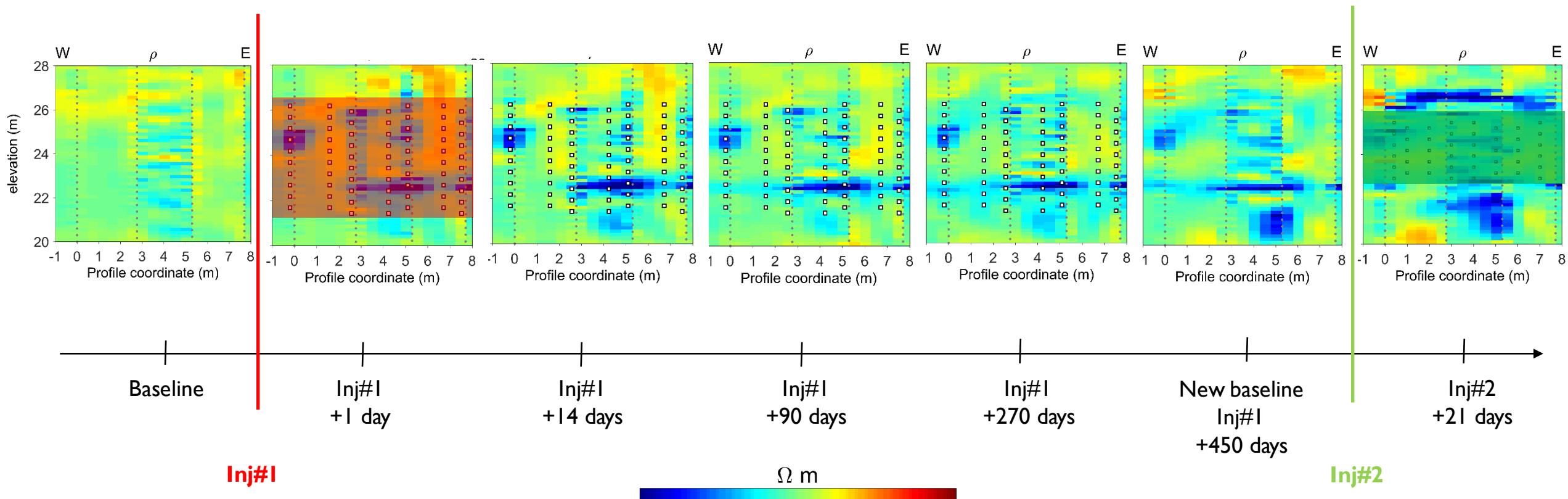
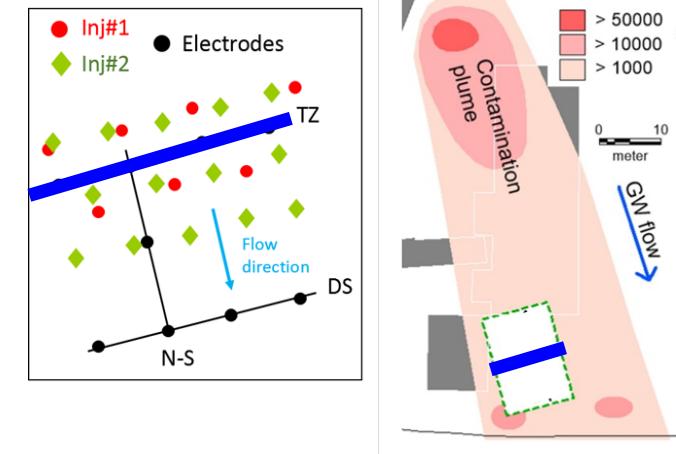
Water samples
XB ERT

R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10





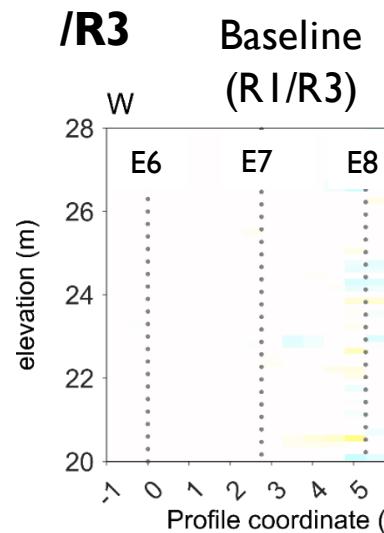
Evolution over 2 years



Subtracting geology – TZ transect



Ratios



Inj#1

Inj#1 +14 days
(R5/R3)

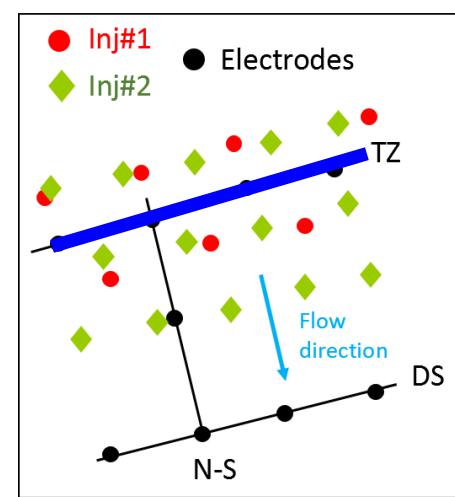
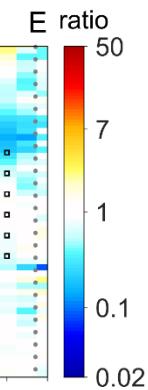
Inj#1 +270 days
(R7/R3)

Inj#1 +450 days
(R8/R3)

Inj#2

Inj#2+ 20 days
(R9/R3)

Inj#2+ 240 days
(R10/R3)

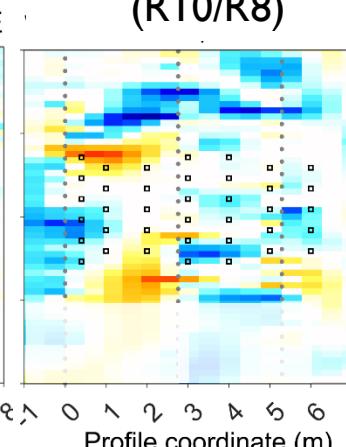
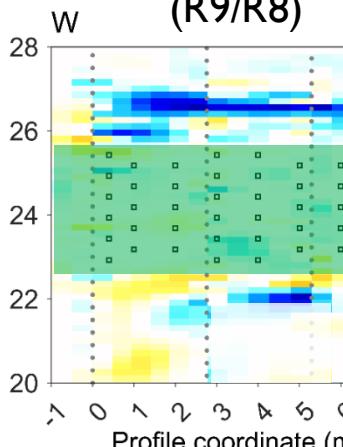
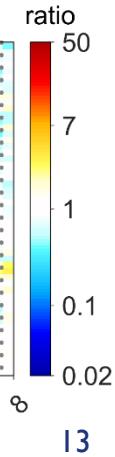


Ratios
/R8

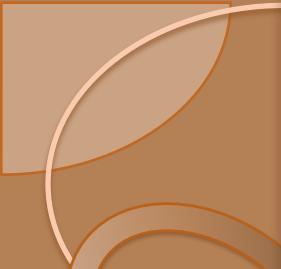
Inj#2

Inj#2+ 20 days
(R9/R8)

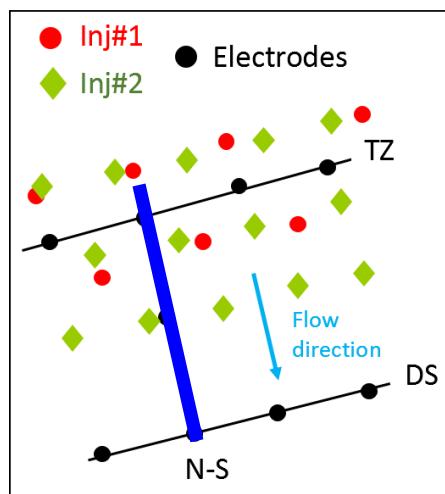
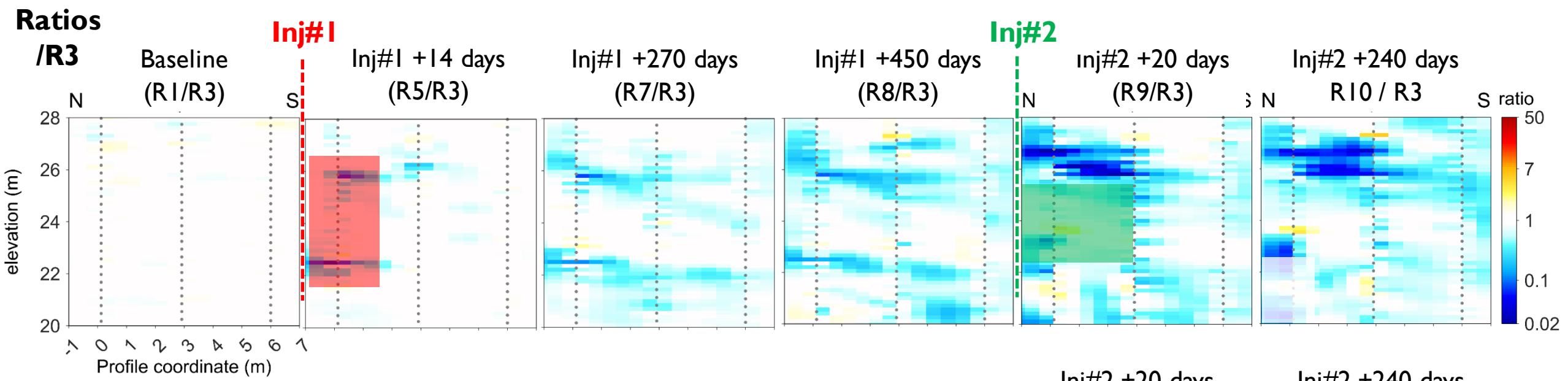
Inj#2+ 240 days
(R10/R8)



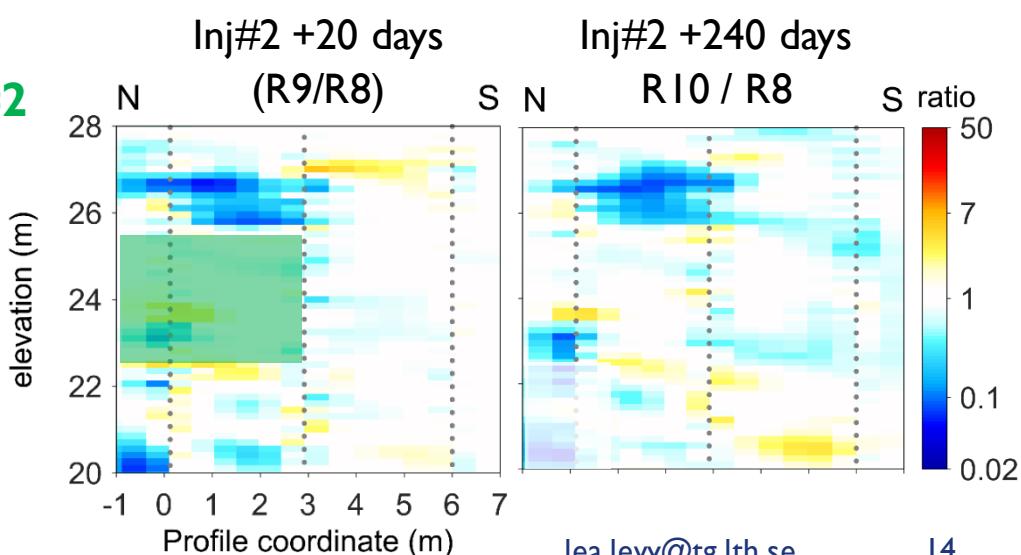
13



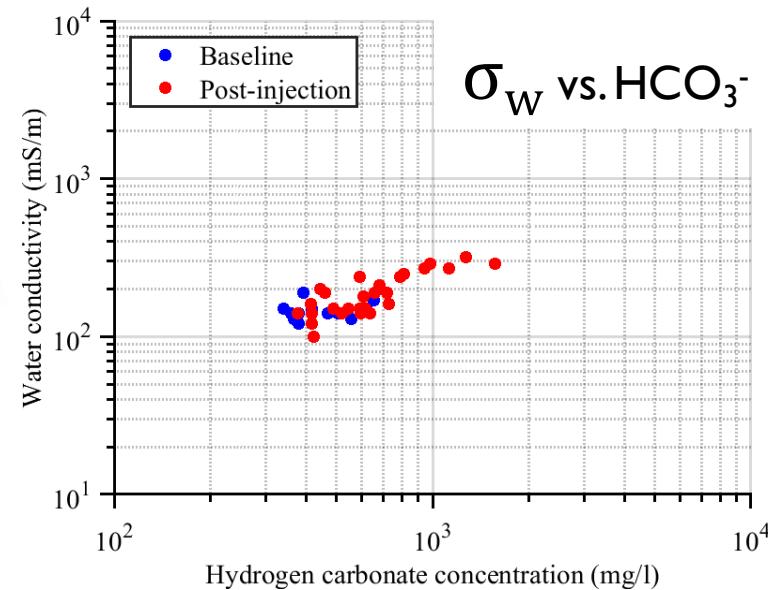
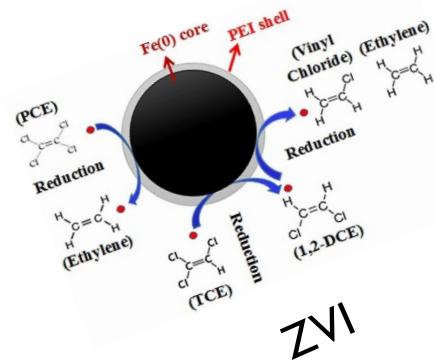
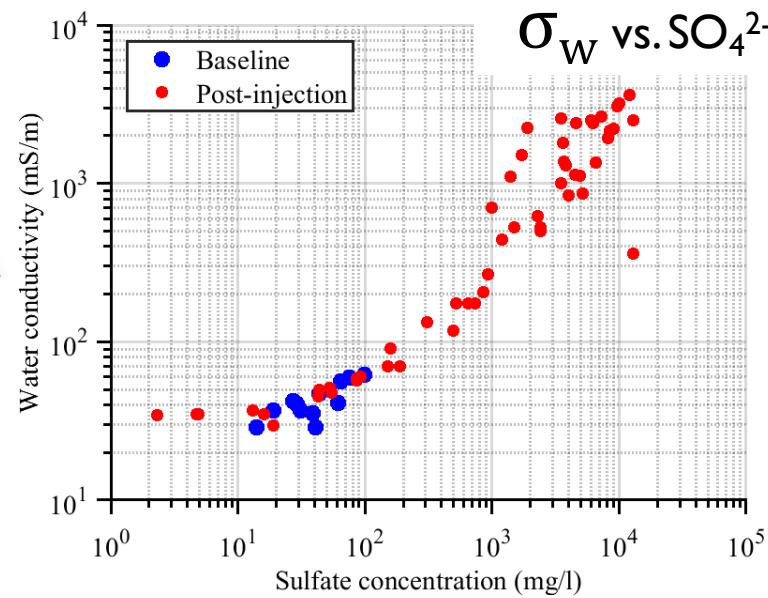
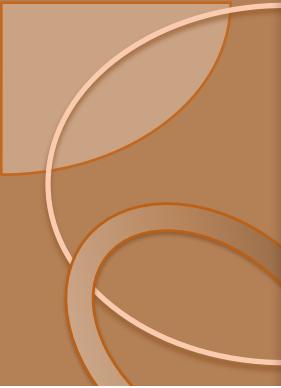
Subtracting geology – N-S transect



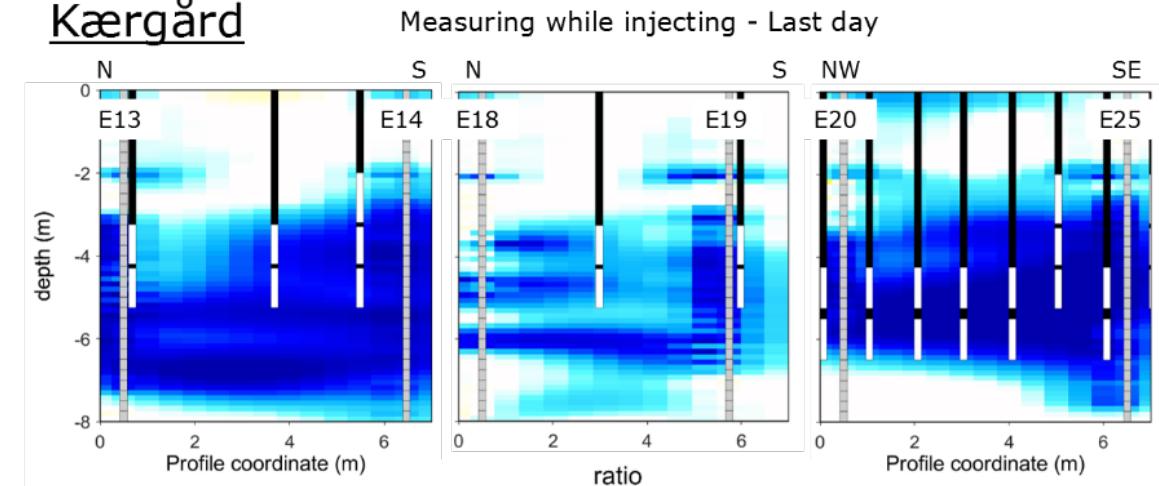
Ratios
/R8



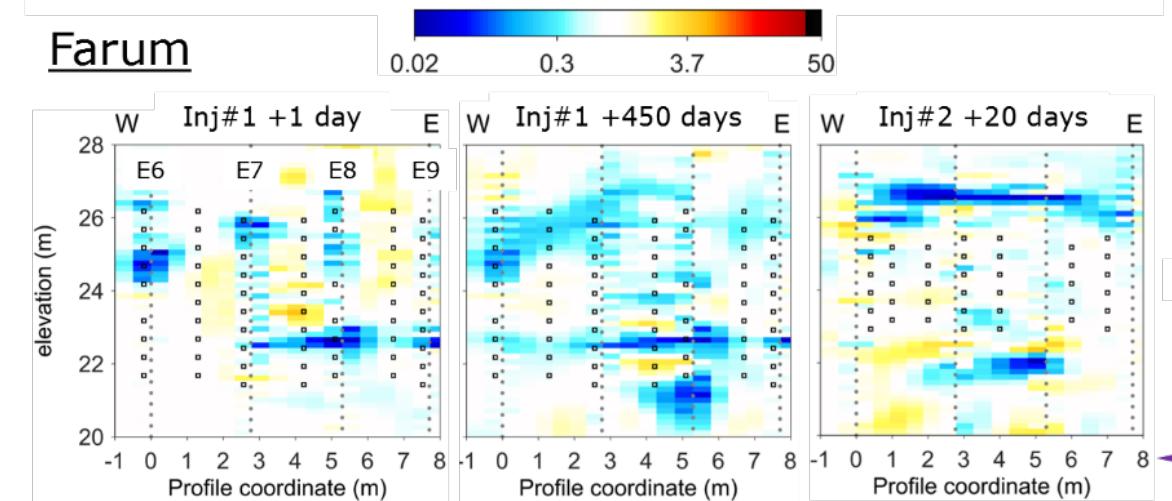
Comparison ISCO / ZVI



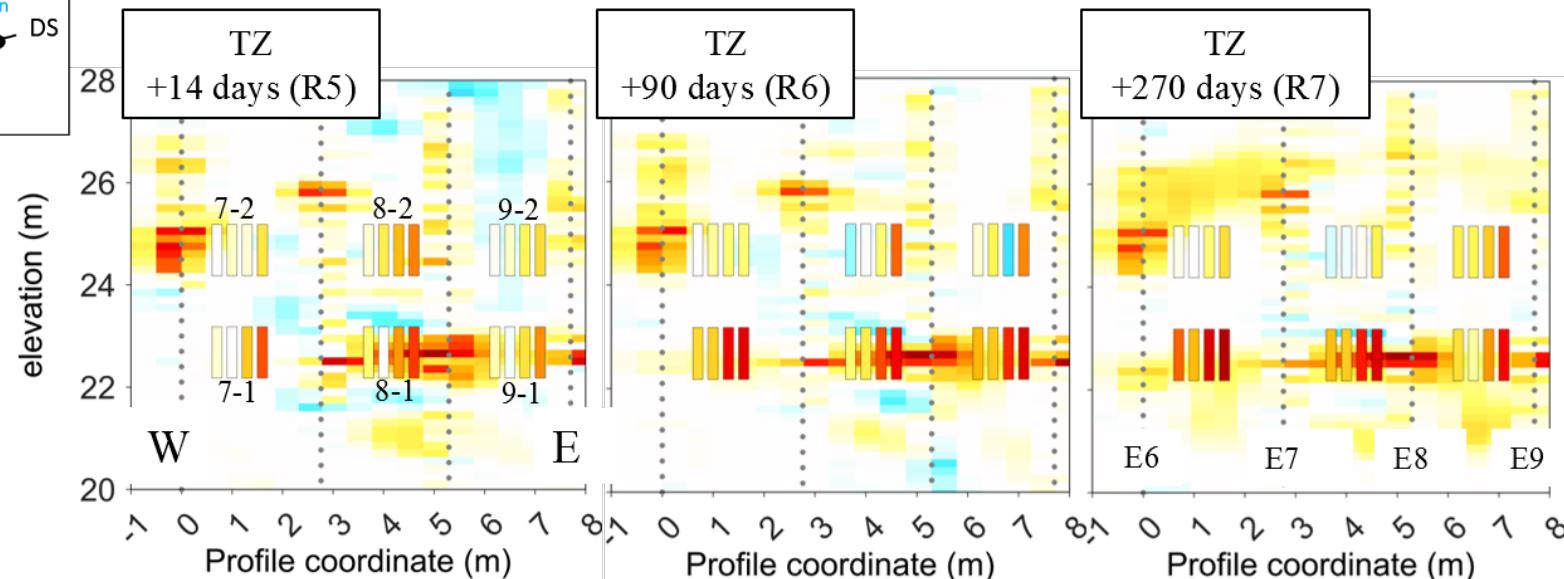
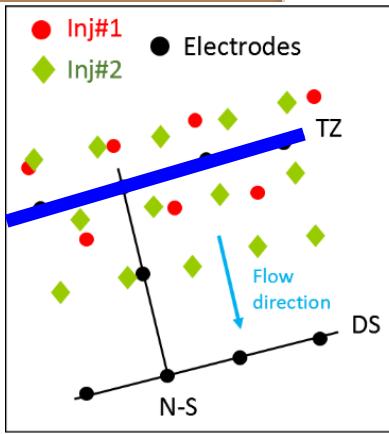
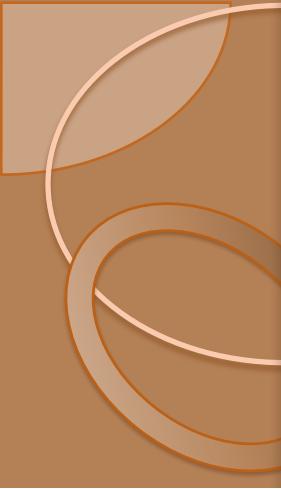
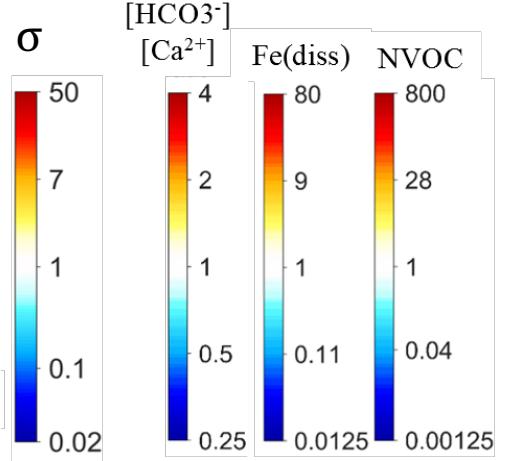
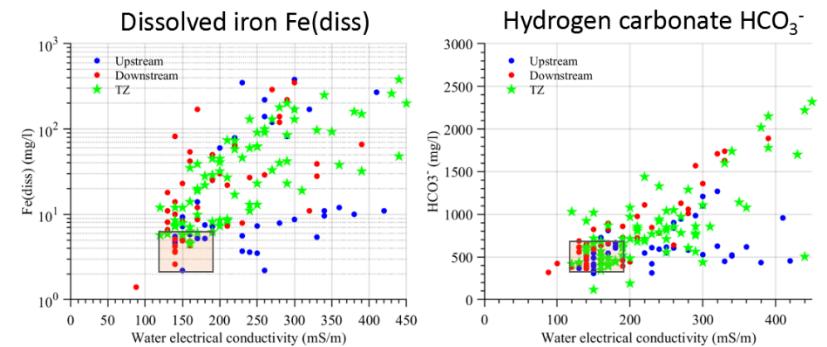
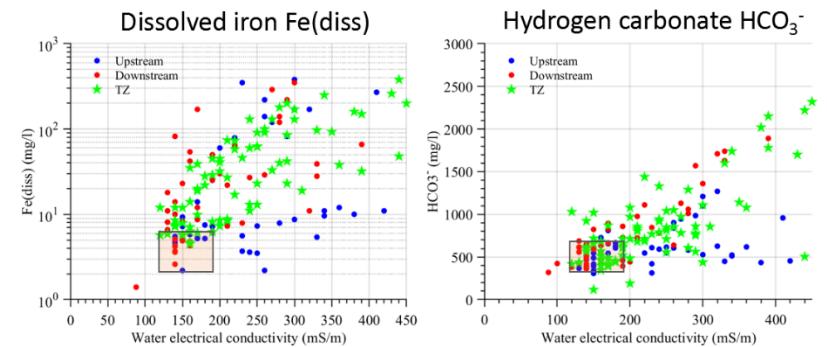
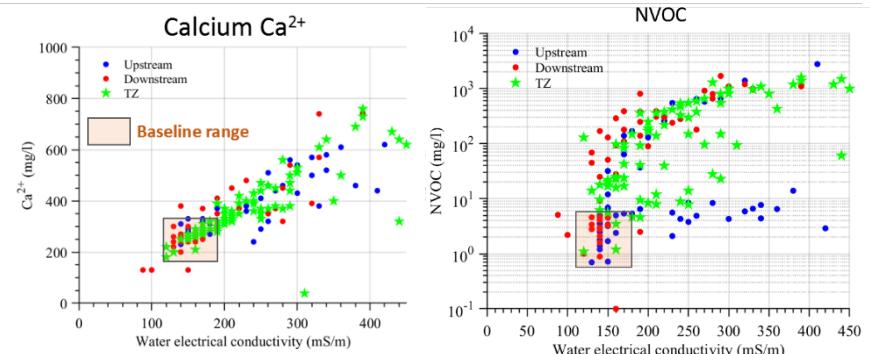
Kærgård



Farum



Qualitative comparison with chemistry

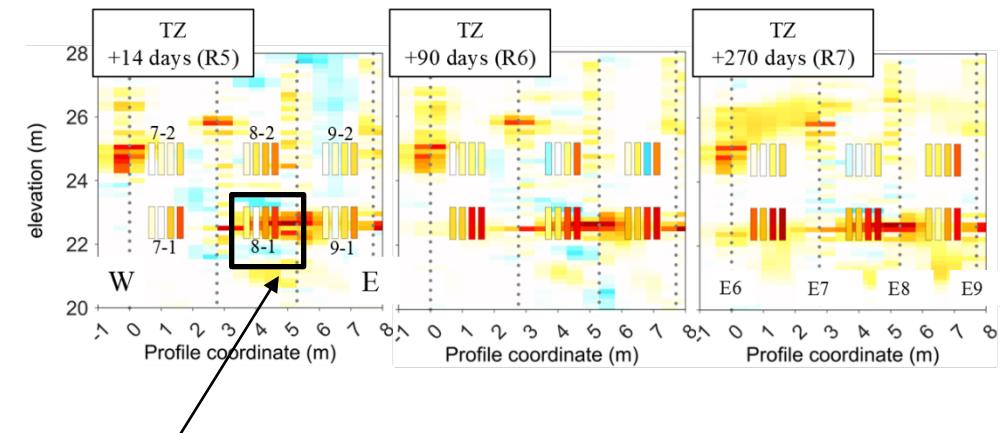
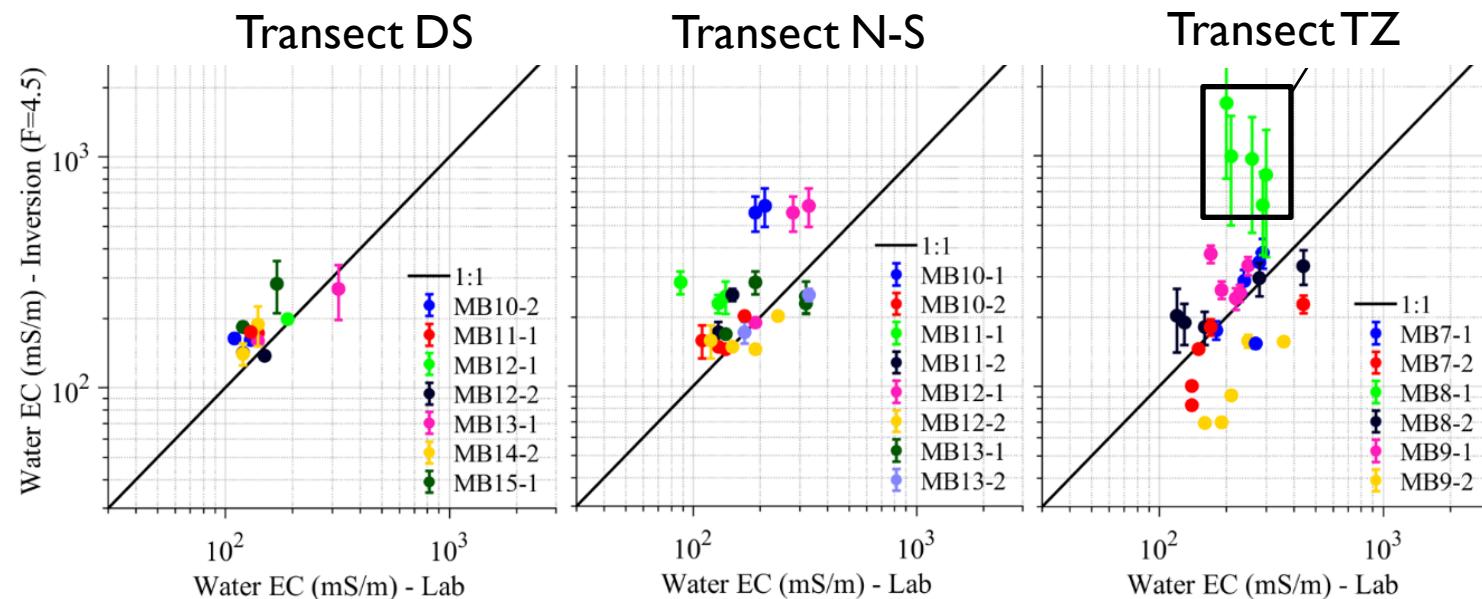



Can we be quantitative?

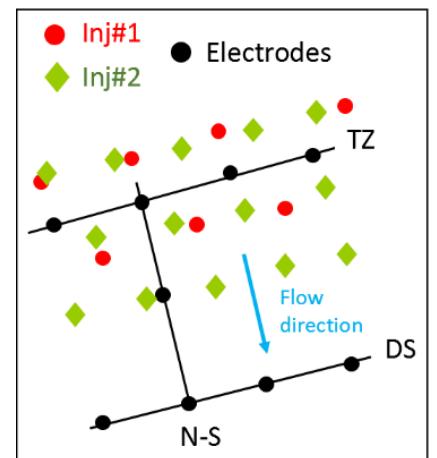
Archie, 1942

$$\sigma_0 = \frac{\sigma_w}{F}$$

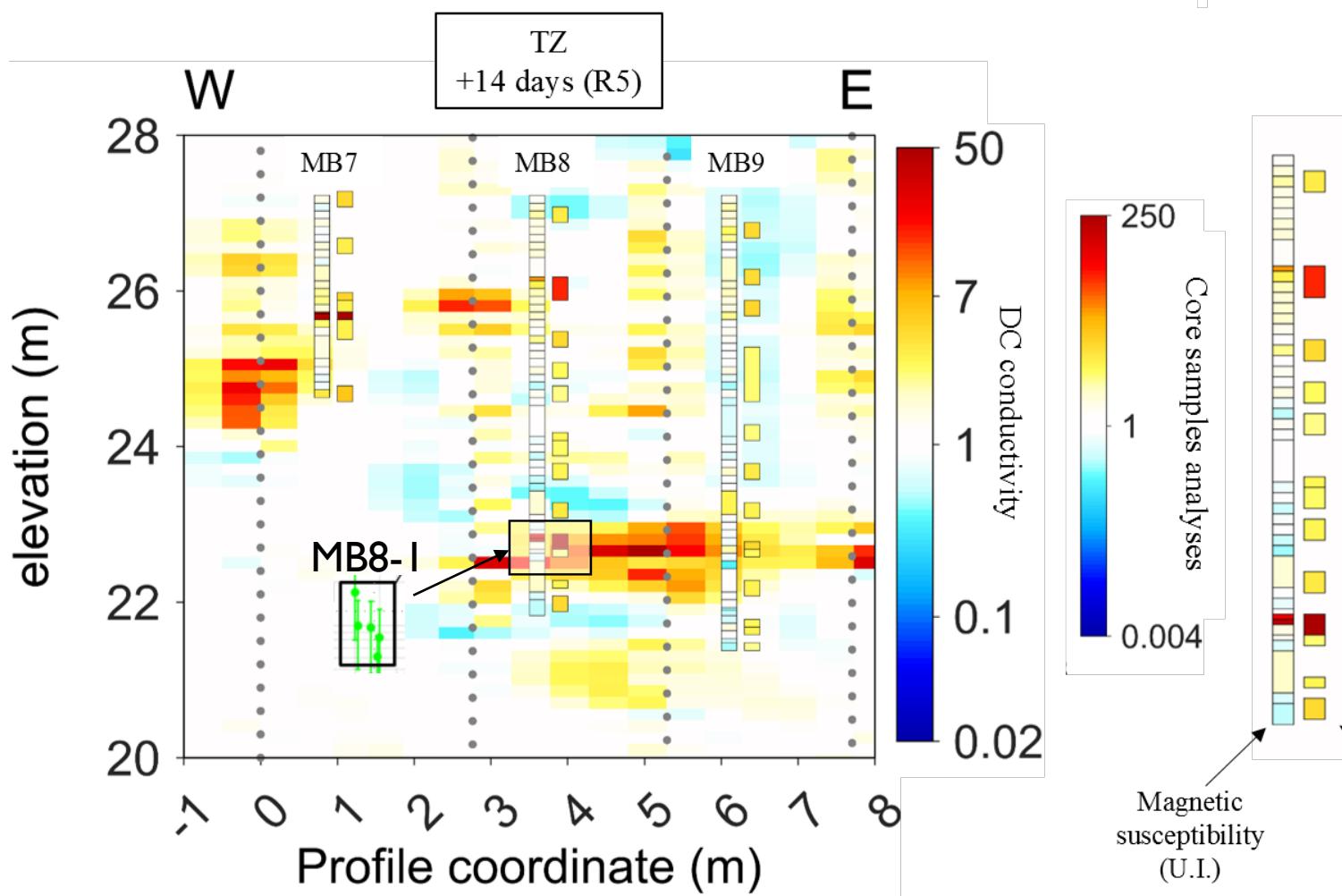
Correlation assuming only dissolved ions contribute to electrical conduction... Is there something else?



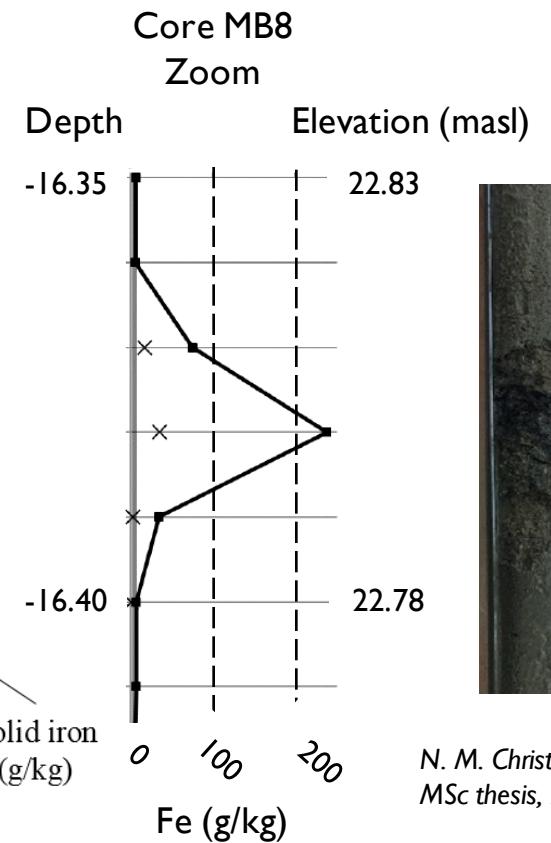
Transect TZ



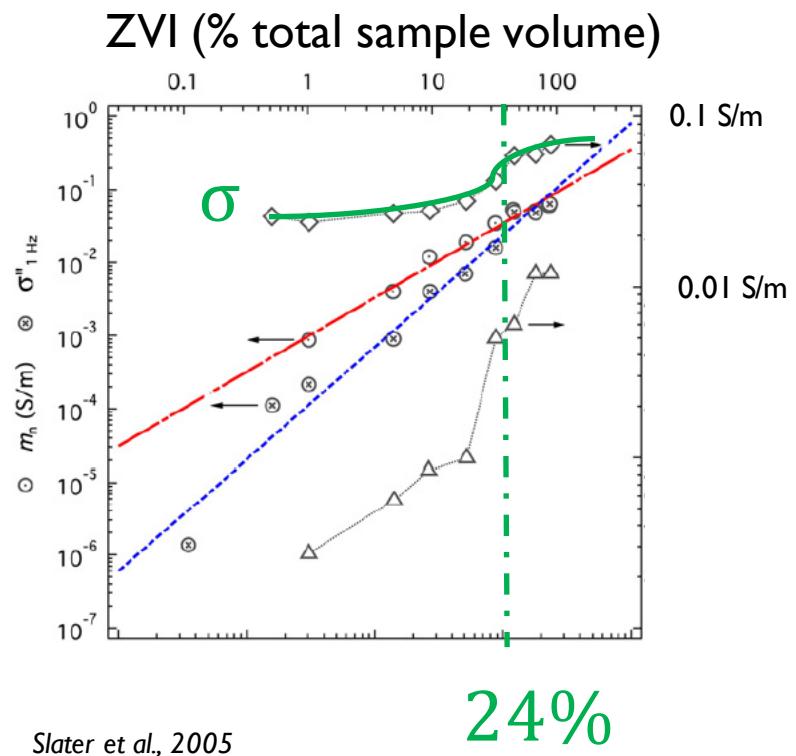
What happens at the outlier screen?



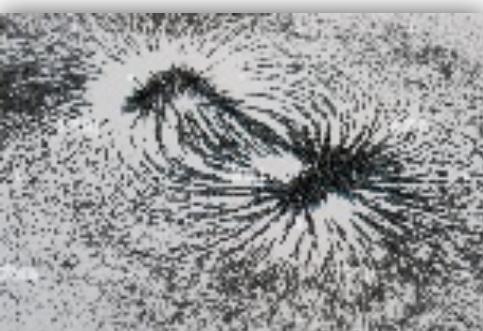
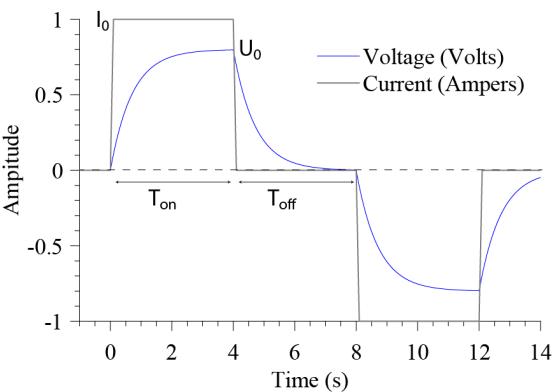
Peak : 240 g/kg of Fe(solid) !



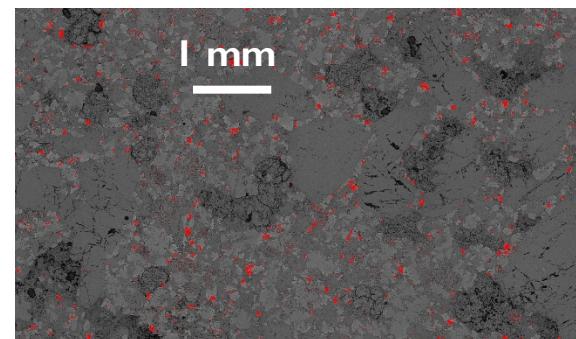
Electrical properties of ZVI



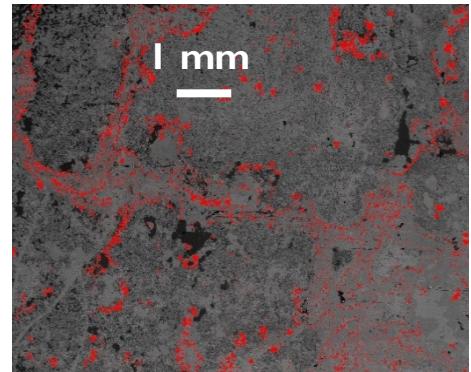
Electric charge carrier	Electrical parameter	Environmental parameter
Ions in pore water	ρ or σ	Equivalent ion concentration ionic cloud
Ions in/on clay minerals	ρ or σ	Cation Exchange Capacity clay minerals
Electrons in connected metallic particles	ρ or σ	Volume of metallic particles sulfides, ZVI
Electrons in disseminated metallic particles	Φ_{\max}	Volume of metallic particles sulfides, iron-oxides, ZVI
Ions in pore water and adsorbed at solid surface	Φ_{\max}	Pore surface area hydraulic conductivity



Connected iron particles.
© alamy.com



Disseminated magnetite particles in fresh basalt.



Connected pyrite particles in altered basalt.
Lévy et al., 2019

Cross-borehole ERT: strengths

- 2D continuous visualization tool
- High-resolution in the target volume
- Resistivity changes reflect ionic content
 - Ca^{2+} , Fe^{2+} , Cl^- , HCO_3^- (Kærgård : SO_4^{2-})
 - We also follow NVOC
 - We may also see solid iron (if conc. >20%)
 - Resistivity ratios subtract the geology
- Practical impact
 - Adds spatial information to chemical monitoring
 - Preferred pathways of ZVI reagent mapped at two injection rounds

Current limits and perspectives

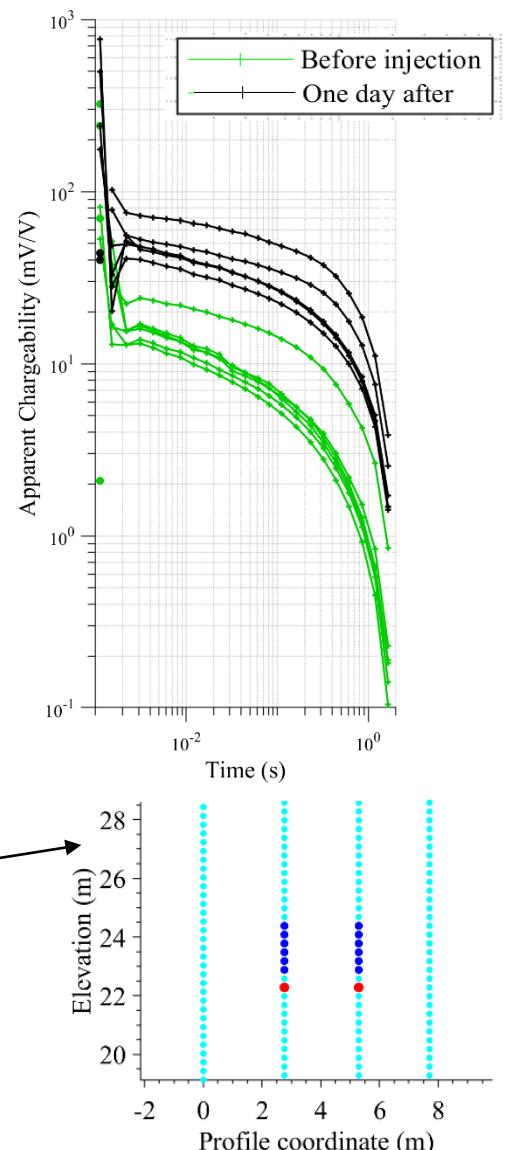
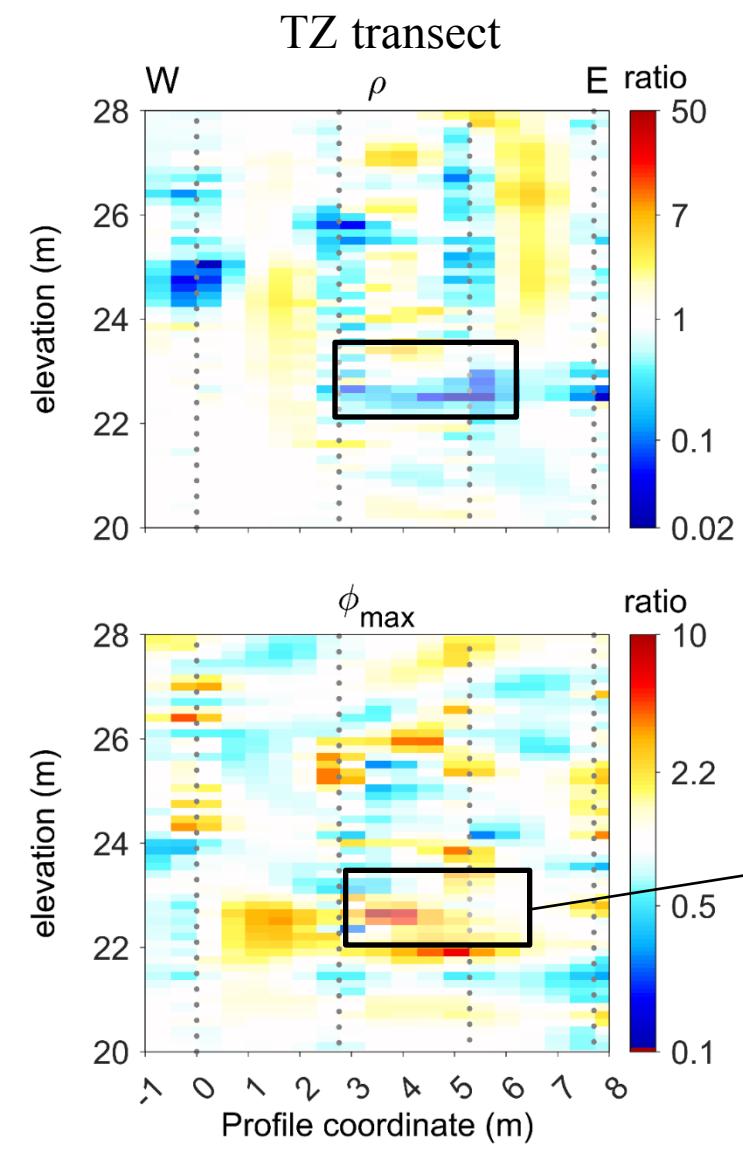
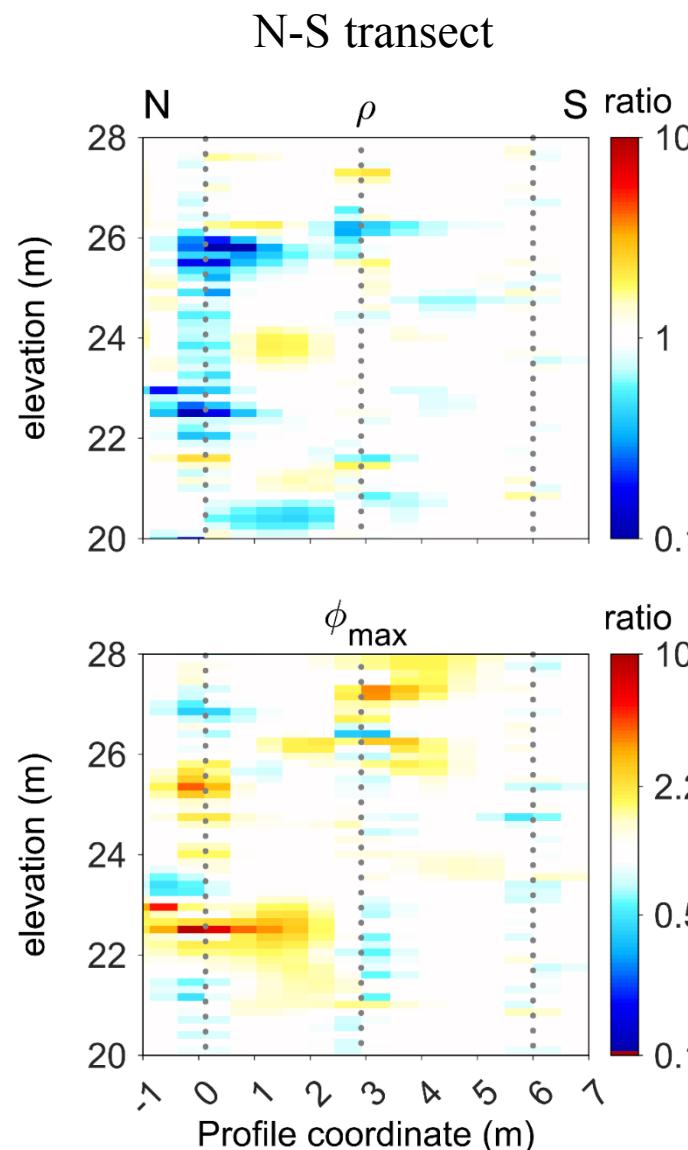
- Injected product should decrease the resistivity
 - Background resistivity shall not be too low
- Only tested down to 20 m so far
- Electrode installation could be cheaper and more robust
 - depends on depth and geology
- Data acquisition could be faster and more user-friendly
- Outlier detection could be more accessible to end-users
- Uncertainty could be estimated in a more systematic manner
- 2D vs 3D inversion
- Interpretation could be pushed further
 - E.g. fracture networks

Tak!

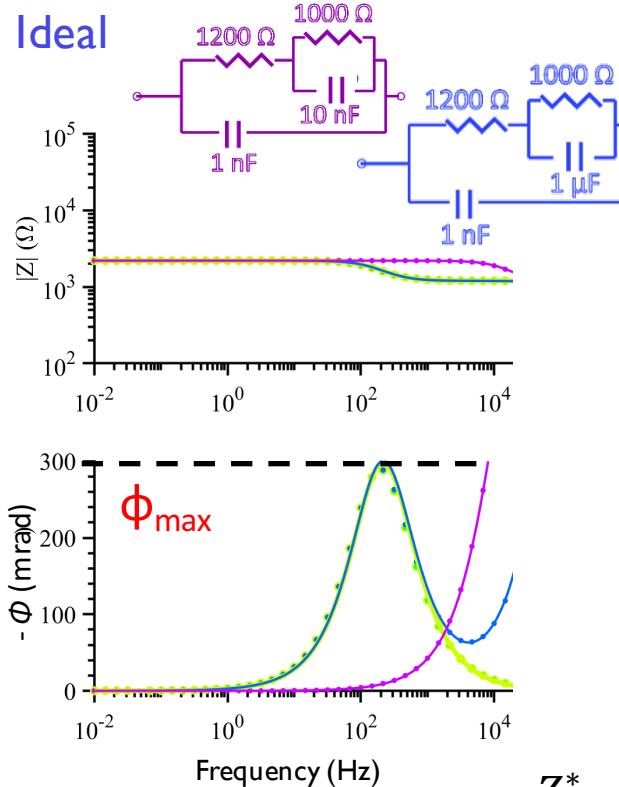
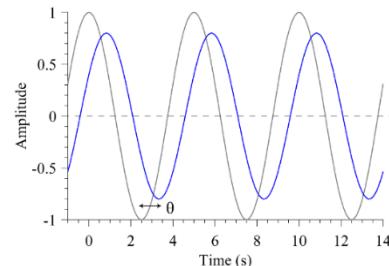
Contact info:
lea.levy@tg.lth.se

DRAFTS

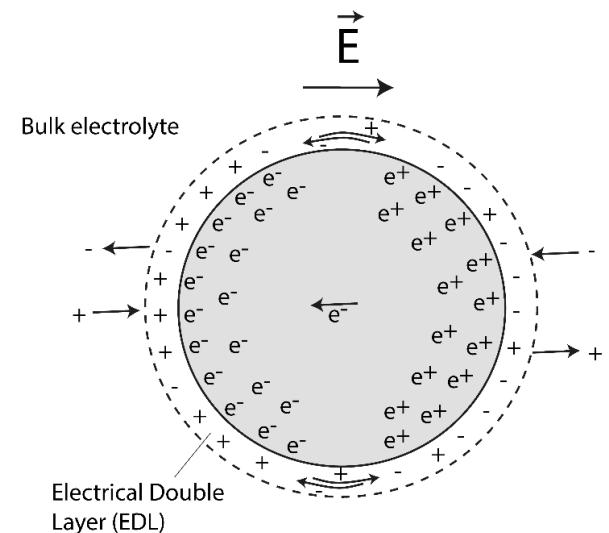
Increase of polarization at Inj+|d



ZVI vs polarization (IP)



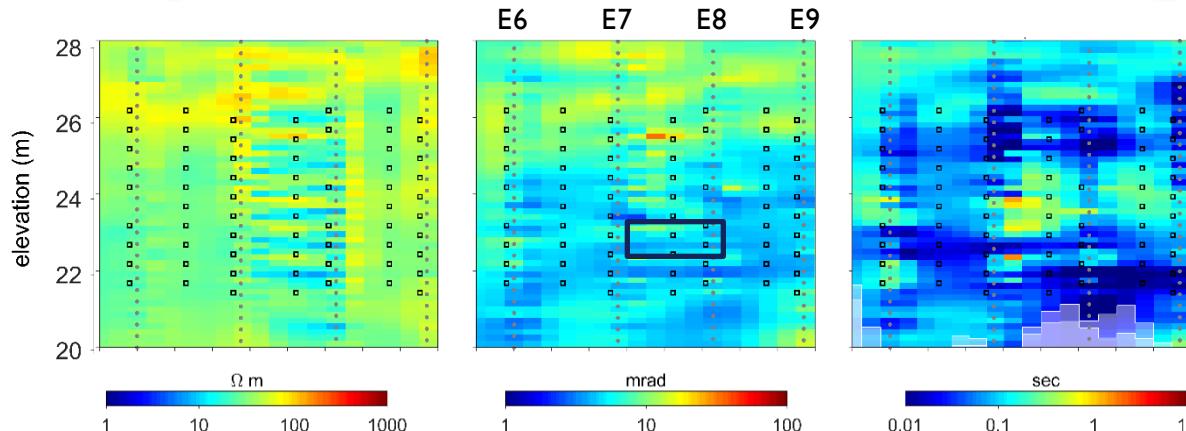
Electric charge carrier	DCIP parameter	Environmental parameter
Ions in pore water	ρ or σ	Equivalent ion concentration ionic cloud
Ions in/on clay minerals	ρ or σ	Cation Exchange Capacity clay minerals
Electrons in connected metallic particles	ρ or σ	Volume of metallic particles sulfides, ZVI
Electrons in disseminated metallic particles	Φ_{max}	Volume of metallic particles sulfides, ZVI



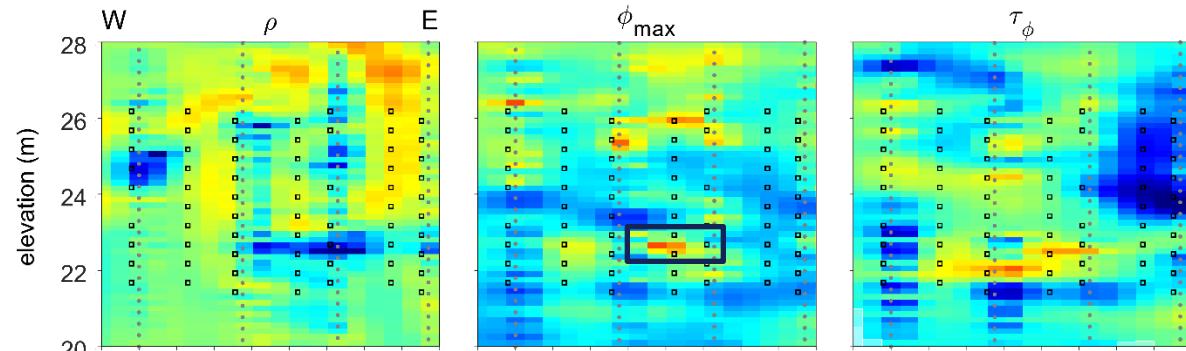
Provect

Compound	%	Source
m-ZVI	5-90	Manufacturer
Calcium dipropionate	2-12	Manufacturer
Yeast extracts	< 2.5	Manufacturer
Guar gum	< 2.5	Manufacturer
Sodium sulfite	< 2.5	Manufacturer
m-ZVI	45	This study
Total (Ca+K+Mg+Na+S)	2.5	This study
Total carbon	19.5	This study
Unknown	34	This study

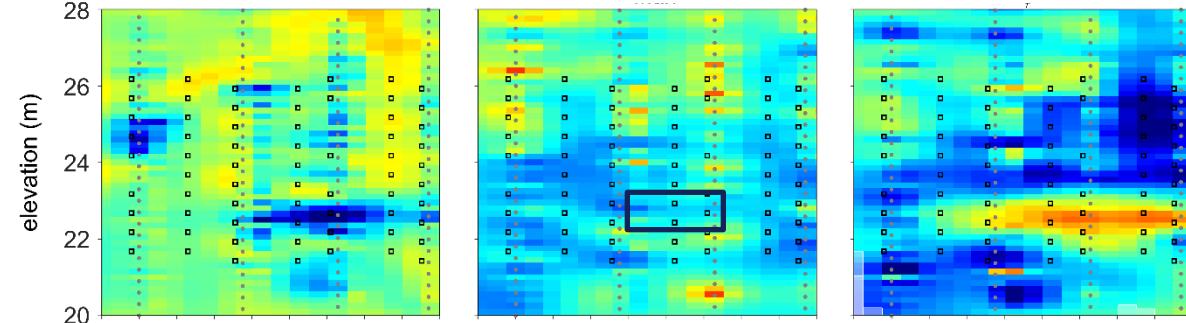
No polarization remaining afterwards



Baseline

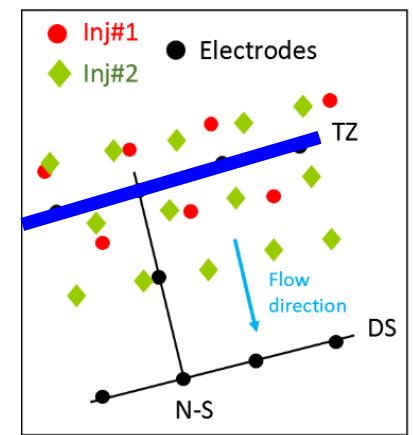


+1 day
(R4)



+14 days
(R5)

But Tau + conduction
anomaly suggests > 10% ZVI



Electric charge carrier	DCIP parameter	Environmental parameter
Ions in pore water	ρ or σ	Equivalent ion concentration ionic cloud
Ions in/on clay minerals	ρ or σ	Cation Exchange Capacity clay minerals
Electrons in connected metallic particles	ρ or σ	Volume of metallic particles sulfides, ZVI
Electrons in disseminated metallic particles	Φ_{\max}	Volume of metallic particles sulfides, ZVI
Ions in pore water and adsorbed at solid surface	Φ_{\max}	Pore surface area hydraulic conductivity

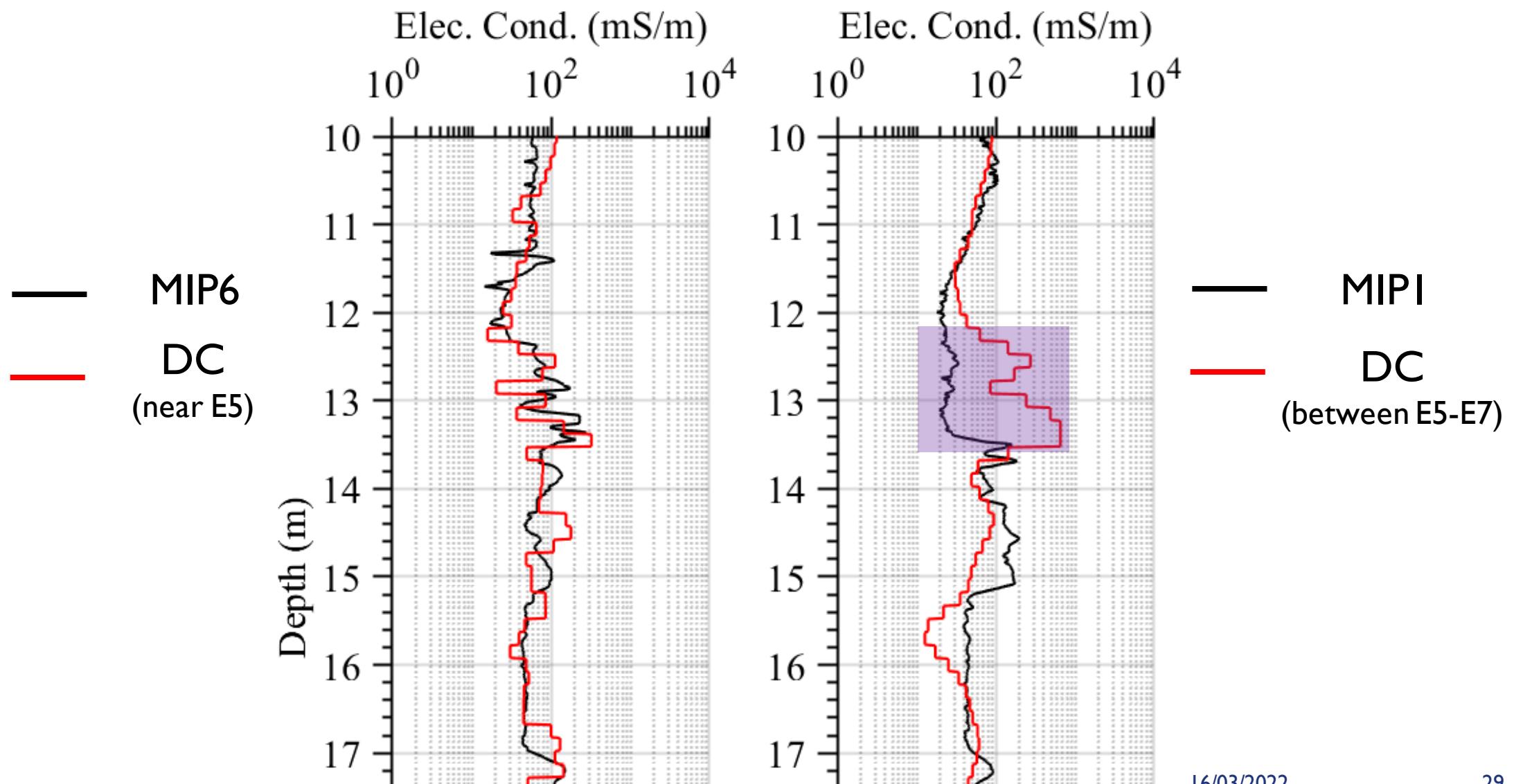
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Comparison to MIP



EC measured vs EC calculated - linear equivalent. Dec 19

